JUNE 6, 1994 TIME : 2 Hrs.

Answer the following questions. Each question counts 10 points.

Calculators are not allowed

1) a) Find f'(x) for the following functions:-

(i)
$$f(x) = x \cot(x^2) + \sqrt{2x^3 + 1}$$
 (ii) $f(x) = \sin(\cos x) + \frac{\sec(3x)}{2x - 1}$

b) Evaluate the following integrals:-

(i)
$$\int \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{-7} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$
 (ii) $\int \frac{\cos(4x)}{\sqrt{1 - \sin(4x)}} dx$ (ii) $\int_{1}^{2} x \sqrt{1 + x^2} dx$

2) a) Evaluate the following limits if exist:-

(ii)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1-\cos(2x)}{x} + \frac{x}{\sin(3x)}\right)$$
 (ii) $\lim_{x\to \infty} \left(\sqrt{x+9} - \sqrt{x}\right)$

b) Use differentials to approximate the value of $\sqrt[3]{26.9}$

c) Given $f(x) = \int_{0}^{x} (t^2 + 1)dt$, for x > 0. Show that f(x) is an increasing function for all x > 0.

3) a) If $f(x) = x^5 + 9x + 1$, Show that f(x) is an increasing function and the equation f(x) = 0 has exactly one real root.

b) Given $I = \int_{-6}^{3} \sqrt{x+6} \, dx$, Find the number z that satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem for definite integrals

4) a) Find the equation of the normal line to the graph $\cos (x+y) + x^2y^2 - x = 0$, at the point $(0, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

b) Find the dimensions of a rectangle of maximum area that has perimeter 20 cm.

5) Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x - x^2}$

a) Find the domain of f

b) Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes, if any.

c) Find the intervals where f is increasing or decreasing.

d) Find the local extrema of f.

e) Discuss the concavity of f

f) Sketch the graph of the function.